

LOCAL BOY SCOUTS PUT ON PROGRAMME AT SARCEE SCHOOL

On Friday last, H.M. Isaac, accompanied by Ralph Atkinson, J. H. Rouleau, Cyril Hunt, Sydney and Edie Canning went to the Sarcee School in the Ghost Pine District for the purpose of helping a number of boys in that district to start up in Scouting, and to explain to the parents all the why and wherefores of Scouting.

The school was full at the start of the meeting and before it was half over, H. M. Isaac, the Carbon Scout Master gave a lecture on the History of Scouting, which was interspersed with social numbers, as follows:

O Canada.
Mr. Isaac introduced to the assembly the boys that accompanied him, and then explained the start of Scouting, dating back to the time of the boyhood of Lord Robert Baden-Powell, and then the growth of the movement.

Song by H.M. Isaac, "Shift up A Bit Further".

Lecture continued with the question: "What is the attraction for boys in Scouting?" and answered under the following headings: Voluntary Organization. The "memory" method (teaching boys to deal fairly, squarely and honourably with each other. The Uniform. Education delivered in a "palatable" way. Camps, hikes, trips, etc. Games. Educational, physical building or co-ordination of brain and muscle.

Song by Bruce Ruby, "Morning, Stars of Liberty".

Game for grown-ups, "Crows, Cranes and Crabs".

Lecture, "What do boys learn and how it is taught". Subtitle: Loyalty. To take the good with the bad, cheerfully. Advancement, Tenderfoot, First Class, Second Class, and King's Scout. Proficiency Badges. Handicraft and tracking. How to find the way by day or night was demonstrated to boys in front of the audience. Cleanliness of boy being expected. Observation tests.

The Ghost Pine boys took part in an observation test, using Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites for the test, the taste of which they definitely did not like. Camps and how they are run (a schedule for one of the days) and the forthcoming camp was read out and explained. Boys are taught to be unselfish. Smoking by the boys.

A Sketch by Ronald and Bobby Somerville entitled "A Fire's Chant".

Lecture, "Is Scouting designed to teach boys to become Soldiers?" No. Non military. Strictly neutral. Scout activities abandoned in Germany, Italy, Japan and Russia, because the boys of those countries were forced to learn to be soldiers, and the Boy Scouts Association refused to teach them. Value of Scouts during wartime. Salvage campaigns. First Aid in China and United Kingdom.

Song by H.M. Isaac: "Gibboley's Gramophone".

Lecture, Religion. Boy expected to attend church. Attendance at all Church Parades optional.

What happens to a boy when and after he joins? Tenderfoot Test explained. Each boy chartered with Donations Headquarters. The Scout Law was recited and each one explained to the boys by H.M. Isaac. Bruce Ruby swore in to the Boy Scouts.

Reading by Mrs. Cameron.

Lecture: Finance. Cost of badges paid out of the weekly fee contributed by the boys. Cost of equipment paid

C.G.I.T. RALLY AT UNITED CHURCH ON FRIDAY EVENING

The Three Carbon C.G.I.T. groups under the leadership of M. L. Foxon, Miss Norma Williamson, and Mrs. C. E. Moorhouse, held a special rally in the United Church on Friday evening, to wind up the activities for the summer months. The girls' mothers were invited and the following program was carried out under the chairmanship of Miss Jolayne Milligan, with Mrs. McKibbin as pianist.

Song by Shirley Woods, accompanied at the piano by Florence Downie. Quartette—Bella Kapaniuk, Phyllis Moorhouse, Kathleen Reed and Edith Gobel.

Reading, by Jean Heath "A Day at Canaan's, by Edith Hay."

Recitation, by Edith Hay. Contest: "Towns in Alberta," won by Mrs. Milligan and Mrs. A. Hay.

Contest: "Test your skill and knowledge," won by Mrs. E.A. Foxon.

Arch Dance—by the entire gathering. Sing Song of Nursery Rhymes. Game: "Farmers in the Dell".

Following the program lunch was served and the evening was brought to a close with "Tape".

Stewart Tighe of Didsbury spent Sunday in Carbon.

out of proceeds of dances, etc. Cost of the Camp, and how the camp expenses are met. What a Scoutmaster and other leaders are paid ???

Song by Reed sisters.

Contest: What the Carbon Troop has done. Helping at different times to clean the park. Waste paper. Road signs. Heaketh Troop, 5 Camps. Calgary to see King and Queen. Numerous other prizes.

First aid demonstration by Cyril Hunt, Jimmie Rouleau and Sydney Canning, who discovered, when told by Ralph Atkinson, that our new recruit Bruce Ruby had a fractured right thigh, fractured right forearm, housemaid's knee and cracked brains.

Bruce Ruby was bandaged up, placed on a stretcher and carried around the audience, then dumped on the floor by the stage and left to his own devices for a few minutes. (Hasty to stay there because he was unable to get free).

Lecture: This year's camp. Where it is to be held. Visitor's Day. The God Save the King.

Lunch was served by the ladies of the district.

Numerous parents made inquiries upon different parts of the subject of Scouting, and the conclusion of the lecture, and a few boys decided to join immediately, 3 or 4 wishing to come paid out of the weekly fee contributed by the boys. Cost of equipment paid

MUST GET PERMIT TO CARRY PASSENGERS IN TRUCKS

Owners of all trucks are advised that it is now an offense to carry any passenger whatsoever in a truck without first obtaining a permit, and any person requiring such a permit must make application to the Regional Director, Highway Transport Control, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, Williamson Bldg., Edmonton, Alberta. It is further pointed out that such permits cannot be issued by any R.C.M.P. officer.

AGRICULTURE DEPT. CROP REPORT NO. 3

Crop conditions in Alberta have improved during the past two weeks in every crop district in the province, although growth has been rather slow due to cool weather. Rain during the 24th of May was wide spread and many districts particularly in Southern Alberta, have enjoyed abundant precipitation since that time. Rainfall has varied from 1 to 4 inches. The weather has been generally cool, although temperatures increased last week in northern and central Alberta. Surface moisture is reported as good in most crop districts.

Seeding is completed. Some reseeded crops are being planted. It is necessary on account of frost in scattered northern areas. Summerfall in general is widespread and very little pest damage has so far been reported. The condition of livestock is improving as feed becomes more plentiful.

"Custom Seeding" of crops appears to have increased this year especially in the central part of the Province and in the Peace River district where the labour situation is reported to be somewhat of a problem.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Graham held a family reunion on Sunday, the occasion being Mr. Graham's 65th birthday. Out-of-town members of the family were Mr. and Mrs. Bill Lamelle of Bentley, and Miss Dorothy Graham of Aldridge. Mr. Lochie and Miss Winnie Lochie of Acme were also present, as well as a number of local citizens.

Kenneth Homer and John Harrison of the R.C.A.F., Calgary, arrived in Carbon Monday and will spend a week in town, staying at the home of Mrs. Cadman.

Ratepayers of the Carbon School District are reminded that they have until Tuesday, June 22nd to pay their current taxes and obtain the 10% discount.

Gordon McLeod received a bad cut in his head Sunday that required a couple of stitches, when he was playing at the swimming pool, and fell on the cement.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Oliphant of East Coulee were Carbon visitors Sunday.

LOCAL RED CROSS NOTES

A number of children of Carbon put on a little concert and play recently and turned over \$18.50 to the War Workers' Committee of the Carbon Red Cross.

The War Workers committee have decided to disband for the month of July, and it is hoped that a better turn out will be on hand when they meet again on the first Tuesday in August.

FEDERAL BUDGET THIS MONTH

Ottawa—Finance Minister Riley may bring down his budget sometime between June 18 and 25, it was learned in well-informed circles in Ottawa this week.

Mr. Riley will inform the House of Commons several days in advance of the date of budget day.

LONG YEARS AGO

June 18, 1931

Heavy rains the past week have caused the knee hill creek to rise and a cloudburst Tuesday flooded the park. This is the highest the water has been in the creek since 1916. Many culverts and bridges were washed out throughout the district as a result of the heavy rains.

Carbon golfers played at Irtana on Sunday in the Herald six-hole and local players turned in some of the best scores for the 18 holes.

Drumheller's new golf course is now open and is a dandy, according to the Drumheller players. The course is 300 yards long with greens 42 feet across.

BOMBING-UP ABOARD A BRITISH AIRCRAFT CARRIER—Aircraft and ships of the British Navy keep an unceasing and successful watch for enemy craft, the world over; their success can be measured by the steady flow of vital war materials reaching the shores of Britain and the arctic ports of Russia, and by the regular arrival of supplies and reinforcements to the imperial forces in the Middle East. —Picture shows ground staff aboard a British aircraft-carrier bombing-up an "Albacore" aircraft.



Special Father's Day Service at United Church Sunday

THE WORLD OF WHEAT REVIEWED WEEKLY BY MAJOR H.G.L. STRANGE

I have just returned from observing the farm house weaving class and circles now being sponsored by the Scarle Grain Company. I found that our prairie women of all races are most keenly interested in learning the art of weaving. Here and there I heard of a few women who already are spinning and weaving. I visited several of these—one fine weaver was 85 years of age—in company with one of the world's most experienced teachers of weaving. This teacher was greatly impressed with the high quality of the spinning and weaving work being done by our prairie women. She suggested it would be a nice thing if some one could compile the names and addresses of all the farm women who are now spinning and weaving so that they might be encouraged in the good work they are doing with this useful and beautiful art.

If my friends, therefore, who read this column know of any such farm women and girls in their vicinity who are spinning, or who are weaving on their own looms, I should be grateful if they would let me have the names and addresses of such persons, and I will use them as they are given some encouragement in their worthwhile work.

LITTLE ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

LAC Ronald Graham of Cumberland, England, stationed at the No. 25 S.F.T.S. at Carberry, Manitoba, arrived Monday and is visiting in Carbon with Mrs. Lochie and Mr. and Mrs. John Atkinson.

Mrs. Gobel, who has been a patient in a Calgary hospital, arrived home on Thursday last.

Miss Lorraine Downey of Bentley arrived in Carbon Friday and spent the week end in town.

Mrs. R. McManis took a number of local boys to Irtana Saturday where they took part in a Calet gathering, and incidentally some of the boys have signified their intention of joining the Cadets, and a movement is now on its way to form a local unit.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Cameron of Drumheller spent the week end in Carbon.

Mr. and Mrs. Bill Lamelle and family of Bentley visited the first of the week with Mrs. Lamelle's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Graham.

—WANTED—100 bushels of feed oats and 100 bushels of feed wheat, apply to Box A, Carbon, Carbon.

Mr. and Mrs. Ken Anderson motored to Calgary Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Vern Harney and Mr. and Mrs. Benny Schickel motored to Calgary last Thursday.

The Duke of York Chapter I.O.D.E. will hold a Calico Dance in the Scout Hall, Carbon, on Tuesday, June 30th.

Merlel Priesen returned to Stettler last Thursday after spending a couple of weeks in Carbon with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G.H. Nash.

Pte. John Garrett returned to Kingsboro on Friday after spending a short leave in Carbon and district.

The Carbon Community Swimming Pool was filled with water last week end and on Monday a number of the youngsters took their first dip in the pool.

Trooper and Mrs. R. Kaughman of Jenner spent Sunday in Carbon.

LAC G. Offer left this morning (Thursday) for Dauphin, Manitoba, after spending two weeks leave at his home East of Carbon.

More rain occurred the past week and the weather has been cool and showery.

Mr. and Mrs. C.A. Cressman were in Drumheller Tuesday, where Mr. Cressman attended a gathering of the Cal-Fontaine dealers.

Mr. and Mrs. A.P. McKibbin returned Friday after spending a few days in Edmonton, where Mr. McKibbin attended a meeting of the Alberta Pharmaceutical Association. While in the Capital Mr. McKibbin took a refreshment course at the University, where Dr. Hunter lectures on "Vitamin B Complex". Dr. Rodan on "The Sulfa Drugs" and Dr. Mathews on "New Ointment Vehicles and Bases".

FURTHER DONATIONS BY CITIZENS TO THE RED CROSS SOCIETY

Final totals of the drive for funds by the Carbon branch of the Red Cross Society indicate that donations here will exceed the \$500 mark, which is considerably better than the \$300.00 quota set by provincial headquarters.

The following is a partial list of the subscribers to the drive, and this list will be completed up-to-date next week. A perusal of the list will give our readers an idea of the esteem in which the work of the Red Cross Society is held by each individual, taking into consideration, of course, the financial ability of the donors.

Victor Laft 1.00
Irwin Mortimer 1.00
E. Gault 1.00
Dick Gidd 5.00
Dr. McFarlane 10.00
A.F. McKibbin 10.00
C. Anderson 1.00
W.J. Gibson 1.00
W.A. Gibson 2.00
J.H. Oliphant 1.00
V. Grosse 1.00
V. Hawkins 1.00
J. Hoff 1.00
J. McCall 2.00
Fred Weble 1.00
W. Van Loon 1.00
R. Garrett 10.00
J.H. Oliphant 1.00
A.J. McLeod 2.50
George Levins 1.00
Don Dinkap 1.00
C. Grenier 2.00
D.R. Mackay 2.00
C. Grant 2.00
R. Barnes 5.00
Ross Thornburn 5.00
C. O. Martin 1.00
J. H. Nash 10.00
W. Hay 10.00
Wm. Cottrell 1.00
J. Snell 2.00
G. Stenberg 1.00
T. J. King 2.00
N. Wright 3.00
C. Amy 1.00
V. J. Harney 1.00
D. Glick 1.00
H. Dolphin 1.00
Tas. Fables 5.00
W. Leitch 1.00
C.J. Rouleau 5.00
J.T. Sobey 1.00
Wm. Ziebler 2.00

(Concluded Next Week)

10% DISCOUNT ON SCHOOL TAXES IF PAID BEFORE JUNE 23, 1932

Ratepayers are reminded that they are entitled to a discount of 10% on their School Taxes if they are paid to the Secretary-Treasurer, Carbon, before Tuesday, June 23, 1932.

CARBON SCHOOL DISTRICT,
ALEX REID, Sec.-Treas.

REMEMBER HIM ON FATHER'S DAY

Smoking Stands\$2.95; \$3.25
Shaving Gift Sets59c; 98c; \$1.50
Electric Razors6.95; 9.95; 12.95; 15.95
Gold Watch Chain and Knife Sets\$2.00
Wrist Watches\$20; \$25; \$30; \$35; \$37.50
Travelling Bags\$6.95; \$8.95; \$13.95

BUILDERS' HARDWARE STORES LTD.

CARBON'S LEADING HARDWARE
WM. F. ROSE, Manager PHONE 3, CARBON, ALTA.

CAR CONSERVATION

Do you know the surest, simplest way to help keep your car fit for "Carry On" for the duration? It's to see us about our new Car Conservation Plan—the plan that will ensure lasting service from tires, engine, transmission, all vital parts. Car Conservation costs you very little—saves big repair bills. Applies to all makes or cars, trucks.

GARRETT MOTORS

Phone: 31 S.J. Garrett, Prop. Carbon

BE SURE TO REMEMBER DAD ON SUNDAY, JUNE 21ST—FATHER'S DAY

MEN'S SHIRTS\$2.00; \$3.00
MEN'S SOCKS25c; 39c; 50c; 75c; 1.00
MEN'S HATS\$1.95
MEN'S SHARKSKIN JACKETS\$4.95
HARVEY HALL TIES\$1.00
PLAIN TIES, each50c

YOU'LL DO BETTER AT THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE RED AND WHITE STORE

It never occurs to a boy of 18 that some day he will be as dumb as his father.

DON'T FORGET FATHER, HE'LL APPRECIATE IT FATHER'S DAY, SUNDAY, JUNE 21st

AT LEAST SEND HIM A COUTTY'S CARD5c; 10c; 15c
WE ALSO SUGGEST—

Fountain Pens and Pencils; Shaving Requisites; Razors; Pipes, Tobacco Pouches; Cigarettes; Cigars; Bill Folds; Coin Purses.

McKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A.F. McKibbin, Pharm. B., Prescription Specialist, CARBON, ALTA.

Picobac
It's a mild...cool...
sweet smoke
GROWN IN SUNNY, SOUTHERN ONTARIO

A Growing War Effort

SOME INTERESTING figures regarding the returns to the Dominion Treasury through the channels of direct taxation were recently given to the House of Commons by Finance Minister J. L. Riley. The increase to the national revenue from these taxes for the year ending May 31, 1942, was \$847,200,000. Mr. Riley described this figure as "startlingly tremendous." He further stated that while this increase was due in part to an increase in the rate of taxation, an upward swing in general business conditions was also a factor. Analyzing this figure, Mr. Riley showed that personal income tax for the year ending May 31, 1942, would show an increase of \$110,100,000; national defence tax \$86,900,000; and excess profit tax \$155,200,000.

Trend Of Business

While production of war goods in Canada has been widely and rapidly curtailed, there has grown up a large defence industry, which is taking up great quantities of material and providing employment for large numbers of workers. In a recent survey of business conditions in Canada, published by the Bank of Nova Scotia, it was stated that employment in industrial plants had increased thirty per cent. in the last year, and sixty-two per cent. above the levels just prior to the outbreak of the war. The same report says that there was a material increase in gross farm income during the past year. Cash income from the sale of farm products during 1941 were valued at \$678,000,000, an increase of 18½ per cent. over 1940, and the highest since 1929.

Increase Of Farm Products

Since the outbreak of the war farm living costs have increased five per cent. and the cost of production has risen. Nevertheless there has been an increase in the output of agricultural products. While returns to the farmers are not as great as the gross increase suggests, there has been improvement in some branches of the agricultural industry. The production of metals and forest products also show great increases, and these figures all tell the story of an ever-expanding war effort within our Dominion, which is yearly absorbing greater quantities of our material and human resources. Now that the initiative has been seized by the United Nations on most of the fighting fronts, it is to be hoped that the offensive spirit will carry strength. It should make itself felt by the renewed determination of all Canadians to provide the money necessary for the support of the men in uniform.

THE LAST WORD

When the building of the Erie Canal was discussed, the subject of favoring it was being argued in a Quaker business meeting of men. It was opposed by an influential member—no less than Elias Hicks, celebrated American preacher—on the ground of its being a speculation. Among other objections he went on to say, "When the world was created, if any canals were intended they would have been made." Thereupon, a member rose up and in the listening voice usually heard in the meetings, said, "And Jacob digged a well!" and sat down.

RATIONING AIDS HEALTH

Health tests in London show that rationing has improved rather than retarded the health of the average adult and child. This is ascribed to the careful planning that precedes all rationing decisions. More than 10,000 evacuees are weighed and measured every three months. Similar tests are applied to children in vacation camps. The lessons learned will be put to practical use after the war.

Nearly 5,000 miles of a wire so fine it will float in the air can be spun from a single one-pound lump of platinum.

HUSBAND GOES TO WAR—GYPROC WALLBOARD GOES TO WORK

Will there be room for Betty and the children?
Sure! We'll build another room over the sunporch

That's a mighty clever way to finish a room.

- and safe, too!
GYPROC is fire-protective.

Sure doesn't take long to finish a room with GYPROC Wallboard.

GYPROC's easy to use—saws and nails just like lumber.

Say, isn't that a smooth wall and ceiling? Invisible joints, eh?

That's another feature of GYPROC, and no future repairs, either. GYPROC won't warp, shrink or swell.

Free! Valuable, informative booklet describing GYPROC Wallboard will tell your building problems. Write for copy today.

G24-47W

GYPROC, LIME AND ALABASTINE, CANADA, LIMITED
VANCOUVER, CALGARY, TORONTO
890 Bimble St. 2nd Floor 890 Bimble St. 2nd Floor 890 Bimble St. 2nd Floor

Newspaper Statistics

55th Edition McKim's Directory of Canadian Publications Just Off Press

Canada has now 1,811 publications, of which 803 are weeklies and 107 dailies, according to the 55th edition of McKim's Directory: Canadian Publications, just off the press. During the past year, the dailies have decreased by five and the weeklies by 31, while 20 monthlies and 23 miscellaneous publications have been added to the list. Suspension of Canadian two Japanese dailies narrows the Japanese language press in this country to one weekly, while the Chinese continue to lead among the dailies in the total of 66 foreign language publications in 16 different tongues, with four dailies of their own, two in Toronto and two in British Columbia.

"Necessary curbs on consumption and the re-directing of productive capacities to the service of the war machine have necessitated a shift in emphasis which changes the nature rather than restricts the scope of advertising," says C. T. Pearce, President of A. McKim Limited, in his foreword to the directory, which contains 483 pages, and includes exhaustive data on markets throughout the Dominion. "These changes in their eyes on the post-war world, take the necessary steps to maintain the level of production and the constant advertising will find themselves in the best position to cope with circumstances when peace comes."

GEMS OF THOUGHT

PEACE
Peace is liberty in tranquillity.—Cicero.

You may either win your peace or buy it; win it, by resistance to evil; buy it, by compromise with evil.—Cicero.

Nothing can bring you peace but yourself; nothing can bring you peace but the triumph of principles.—Emerson.

It matters not what he thy lot, So Love doth guide; For storm or shine, pure peace is thine, What'er betide.

Peace and friendship with all mankind is our wisest policy, and I wish we may be permitted to pursue it.—Thomas Jefferson.

When shall all men's good Be each man's rule, and universal Peace Lie like a shaft of light across the land, And like a lane of beams across the sea?—Tennyson.

For Overseas Forces

Cry "Send Us Smokes" Helped By Gifts Of 2,000,000 Cigarettes
A total of two million cigarettes will be distributed among Canadians in land, sea and air forces now on active service overseas, as a gift from The Dods Medicine Company Limited, Toronto, maker of Dods' Kidney Pills.

This is understood to be one of the largest individual gifts of Canadian-made cigarettes to the Canadian Forces on active service overseas, and distribution will be carried out through the facilities of the Overseas League, (Canada) Tobacco Fund, Toronto.

From all parts of Canada money is collected and cigarettes sent to all branches of the service overseas at the rate of 16 packages of 25 cigarettes each for \$1.00. With each package goes an envelope post paid with the donor's name and hundreds of thousands have been returned to Canada and the United States by grateful men of the air force, navy, army and merchant marine. Any amount is acceptable and carefully audited by the Overseas League Tobacco Fund, King Edward Hotel, Toronto. This is volunteer work and the Governor-General, Lord Athlone, is leading patron in Canada.

WORSE THAN BOMBS

You can't frighten 50 Mayral business girls, members of the Women's Home Defence Corps with live bombs. But mice are different. The girls got on fire at handling a live bomb during a drill but when a cat gate-crashed the lecture with a live mouse in its mouth these "commando girls" leaped screaming into their chairs.

Excess, England, children, with soapbox carts, collected from highways and alleys, a pile of scrap iron 10 feet high and 84 feet in circumference.

Waves of an open sea once rolled over what now are the highest peaks of the Rocky mountains. 2467

The Individual Citizen's Army

A Weekly Column About The And That In the Canadian Army.
By Alan Maurice Irwin

"Canadians must supply more tanks, more guns, more men, more bombers, more rifles." You have heard public speakers read these sentiments of time and again, and audiences stamp and cheer, and let us hope, dash off to buy more War Savings Stamps and Victory Bonds. Well, so long as the audience reacts that way why should anyone worry?

And yet there is a worry there. It's the grouping together of machines and men.

It's bad psychology. It illustrates too well the Colonel Blimp type of thinking.

What right has a politician to think of men—your son or brother or father or husband or sweetheart—in the same breath as machines?

We can sweat and sweat and sweat to "supply more tanks, more guns, more bombers, more rifles." We can sweat and sweat and sweat. But it is not our sacrifice or our sweat when the men go. That is theirs and we have no right to be so complacent when they volunteer no matter how close we are to them or they to us.

You hear the same type of speaker say, "Mrs. Blank in my constituency has given two sons to the Army."

Mrs. Blank hasn't given her sons to the Army. They weren't hers to give. Let us rather say that Mrs. Blank gave her sons to the country that made them ready to offer their services, perhaps their lives, to their country.

But don't let us class them with the machines that are being built to aid its soldiers by the Individual Citizen's Army!

The men who put on their country's uniform when that country is existing for the existence of the Christian world do it for the same reason their fathers did. There is no burning fire of patriotism in them, no inward, silent sound of Kipling's lines, no proud thought of sacrifice, no strong call of duty. They put on the uniform because they are men and men fight to protect their own and preserve their heritage.

They don't get into uniform because politicians or preachers or jingers or Colonel Blimps tell them it's their duty—neither should we who are not permitted to wear uniform need to be "needed up" to put our backs into backing the soldiers up.

"Not permitted to wear uniforms." But we are! We are permitted to wear uniforms of our own design and manufacture. We can wear uniforms represented by turned coats, by frayed cuffs, by lack of frills to save cloth for vital needs.

We can wear uniforms by walking to save gasoline, by abstaining from candy to save sugar, by wearing old clothes, eating plain food, by buying two War Savings Certificate stamps instead of going to a movie.

That way we can be privates in the Individual Citizen's Army—and it's a lot harder to be a good private than a good general.

That way we can supply the men in uniform with "more tanks, more guns, more bombers, more rifles."

The farmer who patches up an old hoe, the housewife who makes over an old dress, the schoolboy who waits sedately past a good blade to save wear and tear on his boots (or maybe the seat of his pants) is supplying more machines to the troops.

Those are the thoughtful people. What about the thoughtless ones?

To be thoughtless these days is to be unpatriotic—and to be unpatriotic these days is close to treachery.

Perhaps we should drop fancy language these days, perhaps we would better understand what harm thoughtlessness can do if we were to call a sugar hound a traitor, the man who convives to get a double-breasted suit a traitor, the joy-ride a traitor!

What do you think?

AN EGYPTIAN BELIEF

At the time of the Pharaohs, when an Egyptian cat died the men of the household shaved off their eyebrows and sat around wailing and rocking themselves to and fro in simulant anguish, for the cat was regarded as sacred.

A Pleasant Habit
DAILY MAIL
CIGARETTES
18 FOR 20c.

Christie's have the true "Graham" flavor



Christie's Grahams are grand with cheese, jam, or any spread—delicious with desserts and beverages. You can give them to the baby with milk as a cereal, or put them into the older children's school lunches. Christie's have the true "Graham" flavor—crisp, wholesome and tasty!

Christie's Graham Wafers

Wanted In Country

No Coward Ponies

Costermongers' ponies, quick-stepping animals of 12 to 14 hands, soon may be a novelty on London streets. They are in demand by country residents who have laid up their automobiles and are travelling by traps and old-fashioned gigs. Before the war the ponies sold for approximately \$120. Now they bring twice that and are becoming scarce.

One horse dealer said women in particular are buying the ponies because they are easy to handle and have a lot of "horse sense."

Buy War Savings Certificates.

A POOR BALANCE

George H. Catten, the President of Colgate University, says: "Our highest ideals seem to have been two chickens in every pot, two autos in every garage, two caddies for every golf player, and two hair-dos every week." Yes, and we tried to balance that budget of excess by doing half as much reading and a quarter as much real thinking as was necessary.

A mountain can be weighed with a plumb line, by measuring the distance the plumb bob is pulled out of line by the mountain's attraction.

Colored diamonds owe their color to a slight impurity in the carbon of which the stones are composed.

HOME DEFENSE AGAINST MOSQUITOES
FLY-TOX
Mosquito bites are poisonous. Fly-Tox is your best defense. All insect pests perish at the touch of pleasant-smelling Fly-Tox. You save with Fly-Tox because it takes less to kill, you save space. If you buy Fly-Tox in large sizes at your drug, grocery, hardware or department store.

Freshness and Flavor

WHEN SANDWICHES ARE TO BE PREPARED FOR LUNCHEONS, PICNICS OR GUESTS, WRAP THEM IN A SHEET OF PRESTO WAXED TISSUE TO RETAIN THEIR FLAVOR AND TO KEEP THEM FRESH AND MOIST.

Presto PACK

WAXED TISSUE PAPER

IS IN A SELF-SERVING PACK, WHICH HANGS ON THE WALL, SERVING YOU A GENEROUS SIZED SHEET OF WAXED TISSUE PAPER AT EACH PULL.

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS LIMITED
HAMILTON TORONTO MONTREAL

Britain's Wartime Restrictions Being Carried By The People With The Greatest Stoicism

London, (CP)—The front line has moved right into the British home in this war and now, in what once was the Englishman's castle, wartime restrictions are more warlike than those of the army.

Virtually everything but a deep breath comes under some sort of Government restriction and there is not even the comforting knowledge that these controls will end with the coming of peace.

Rather, authorities have made it plain that such burdens as food rationing must go on for some time after the war is over. The same can be said for the so-called "austerity" clothing regulations, the fuel cuts, and the restricted use of travel facilities and motor conveniences.

Certainly not gleefully but undoubtedly with stoicism and determination the British has borne up under one restricting order after another until now, in the late Spring of 1942, this people who were through Dunkirk and the heavy blitz raids, present a picture of indestructible firmness.

Certainly there is evidence on all sides, in the Commons and in taverns, on buses and trains and on the streets, of a growing feeling that the public mind that this voluntary regimentation must be for no other than the time is near when all that the people are doing at home for the war must crystallize into something important offensively soon.

Just in the first few months of 1942 things have become much tougher as the Government puts more and more steam behind the war effort, calls on the people to bend more and more energy to the war program; takes steps to eliminate waste of man and manpower in all age brackets and in all classes.

Next winter's fuel will tell just how onerous the new fuel restrictions will be for the present the fuel problem is the most tiresome of all regulations governing life on the home front. Those in the service at home have their food provided for them but the private householder must stretch the ration to fit the appetite and go through the interminable bother of purchasing from restricted supplies.

After the first Great War food rationing continued for nearly two years. It was not put into force until late in the war. This time authorities have made plain the people should not expect any earlier relief.

The Food Ministry says frankly: "Those who are dreaming of the armistice in terms of unrestricted supplies of a joint and two vegetables must wake up to the hard facts."

The need for restoring basic stocks to feed European countries at present over-run by the Nazis and the bottleneck which reduced shipping led to war losses will have created in distribution, will necessitate a lengthy post-war period of restriction and organized distribution of food in Britain.

Henceforward Britain, held down to a minimum of purchases for clothing, must wear the type of "austerity" garments designed by the Government as a war measure, just another in a long line of controls all of which have the same end in view—victory.

For a start the British citizen saw better portions shrink to tiny pats. The bacon allowance shrivelled to a few rashes a week. Fresh meat in small quantities became only a once-a-week affair. Bread changed from white to deep tan overnight as the national loaf of whole wheat flour came into being to conserve shipping space.

Private motor cars were banned from the roads to conserve gasoline. The citizens income underwent such stern taxation that little remained after purchasing life's necessities except for those of considerable means and then the Government stepped in with its general mobilization to say how the British should spend these days of war.

The son of the house was taken first, either for the army or a war job, in all probability the army. Then the daughter was called, either for the auxiliary services or a war factory job.

The wife was next, called on to undertake part-time work and for the man of the house it has become his job to cultivate his garden in his spare time, perform military drills and fatigues, collect his scrap and never travel except when absolutely necessary.

And now, while there is no compulsion about it, the Government is "calling up" the nation's dogs, organ-

Have Had Success

Vegetables Grown Without Soil Have Been Produced In Britain

In order to increase the war supply of fresh vegetables, people in Britain are trying out hydroponics, or the science of growing plants in water containing chemical food. Several experiments have been carried out by British scientists with various systems of water culture. One method is to suspend the plant in a wire tray over a tank containing the nutrient solution, into which the roots drop. In other systems which have yielded good results plants are grown in sand, gravel or clean cinders to which the nutrient solution is applied.

The simplest method of all is the "hand-watering" system which requires no special equipment. All that is needed is a barrel for the nutrient solution, administered by an ordinary water-can in measured doses to plants grown in pure-washed sand in pots or well-drained beds. Numerous experiments both out of doors and under glass have been made with this method, and with the right technique no difficulty has been found in getting from eight to ten pounds of tomatoes per plant. Equally satisfactory yields of carrots, turnips, potatoes, lettuce, and other crops have been obtained.

Will Not Be Subdued

People Who Have Enjoyed Freedom Not Bowing To Despotism

Heinrich Himmler has taken a modest pride in his record as Germany's official murderer. He has more corpses to his credit than any man alive except Hitler. Now Hitler has sent him to Holland. The Germans there have just shot 86 people and taken 460 others as hostages. But Himmler will try to do better. By gibbet, block and guillotine he will attempt to restore a terror the Dutch have not known since the days of the Duke of Alva.

The work of the Gestapo chief has been fully publicized in this country. It began among his own people when he practised the list of names for Hitler's first blood purge. During the war he has had mass practice in a dozen subject countries. The roll of his victims numbers tens of thousands.

Yet even Himmler, immersed in his own business as he is, must see that all Europe is in revolt. Some of it is already in arms. Even helpless Denmark is not completely cowed. A Copenhagen newspaper has just sentenced two anti-Semitic editors to jail. De Gaulle will not die. Himmler and his puppets, Reinhard Heydrich, have done their best; but the very victims they have slain seem to rise up and oppose them. The Himmler system, which works so well in the cities, is being subverted by people who have once known freedom.—New York Times.

High Commissioner

General O'Han Has Travelled Extensively In Australia

Major-General O'Han, Canadian High Commissioner to Australia, since his arrival in the Commonwealth has travelled extensively over a large part of the continent. Already he has visited many parts of New South Wales, Victoria and Queensland and with the full co-operation of the Canadian Trade Commissioners, L. M. McGraw and Frederick Palmer, has seen military, financial, commercial and educational leaders.

General O'Han is making few public appearances but inquiries show he has already won great appreciation in the highest federal and state political circles for the value of his conferences and "off the record" speeches at many gatherings in the three states.

The High Commissioner's next tour will be to Western Australia, which is as far from Canberra as Vancouver is from Ottawa.

Radio Broadcasts

Interest Is Being Shown In Serving Rural Areas

The CBC now can link 81 Canadian radio stations in network broadcasts. Dr. A. Frigon, assistant general manager, told the House of Commons radio committee.

Using 10,000 miles of network, particular interest is being shown in serving rural areas. Dr. Frigon said. Eleven low-power repeater stations would be in operation in a few months to reach isolated areas.

Increased revenues last year came from both commercial broadcasting and license fees, with licenses providing the larger share. In view of war conditions provision was made for a possible reduction in commercial revenues this year.

Personnel had been loaned to assist in the construction of a high-power short wave station for the Free French in French Equatorial Africa. The station was designed by the staff in Montreal with expenses paid by the Free French.

ABN RAD SHOOTERS

London's public and domestic air raid shelters now can sleep 8,500,000 people, a quarter of the sleeping accommodation provided for the whole country. 3467

Scutching Mill

May Establish Mill In Fraser Valley If Flax Production Warranted

Managing Director Frank Brown, of Canada Western Cordage Company, told the annual meeting of the Fraser Valley Flax Growers' Association that his company was prepared to establish a spinning mill at an ultimate cost of \$250,000 if flax production in the Fraser valley reached adequate volume and the farmers and the provincial government establish a necessary scutching mill.

Mr. Brown said he has already written to Minister of Agriculture K. C. MacDonald and the post-war rehabilitation commission on the project.

The Favorite Psalm In Lovely Stitchery

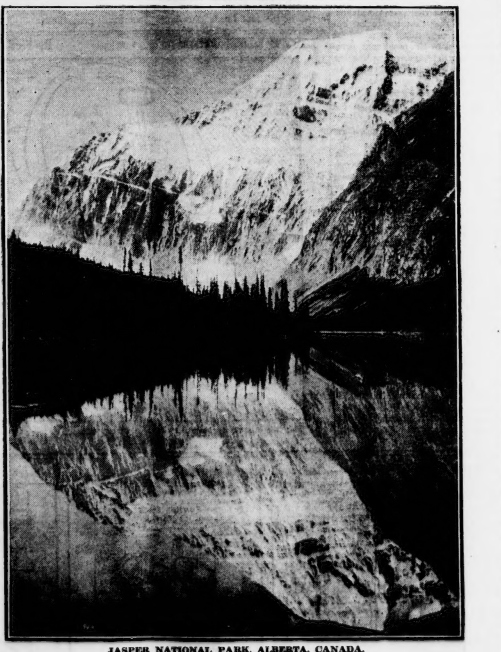


by Alice Brooks

The Twenty-Third Psalm—the favorite psalm of all ages—is pictured here in simple embroidery. Make this Biblical panel yours. Pattern contains a transfer pattern of a picture 12 x 16 inches; illustrations of stitches; materials needed; color chart.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Avenue E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number.

Mount Edith Cavell



JASPER NATIONAL PARK, ALBERTA, CANADA.

Old Sailors Never Die Might Be Said Of A Veteran Seaman Who Has Survived Three Wars

Making A Name

Five Of Eleven Women Ferrying Bombers Are Over Forty

Eleven women of the British Merchant Transport Corps are making a name for themselves at a motor works for the manner in which they have been ferrying to destinations all over the country the heavy lorries and chassis streaming off the supply lines.

Five of them are over 40. All but two are married. And together they have completed more than 150,000 miles of long-distance driving, some of it in appalling weather conditions. Their captain, Mrs. D. Tarrant, calls them the "M.T.C. Commandos." They get about \$15 a week and are lucky if they manage to miss one night in the week when they are on the road.—Toronto Star-Weekly.

Must Economize

Serious Shortage Of Raw Materials Forces The Country

The need to "save, conserve, all value and economy," was stressed by R. B. Cernikow, a British tramp, went down in the Mediterranean and he spent a day drift before being rescued by a French warship. He has spent that day had to put to a lifeboat when his ship collided with another vessel in the English Channel. The third was the shipwreck of the Turret Bell off Cable Head, Prince Edward Island.

The five-foot-four sailorman whose could grey hairs in his beard under his cap, cooked at a 45-degree angle on his head, has long ago lost sight of his nautical on the waves.

"Himself," he gave that up long ago—why of course the Atlantic 16 times in 1911 when I was on the old Mauretania," he explained in a Cockney accent.

However, he figures he must have travelled the distance around the world in ten days more than 200 times. He has sailed into every seaport in the world except those in Japan.

And when we lick the Huns and the Japs, I'm going to get a ship that will take me there so I can say I've been to them all.

He has spent his entire career as a seaman as a donkeyman and groasser or in some other part of the stake-hold. For several years he worked aboard ships in the Great Lakes, making Port Colborne his home port. He also wintered one season in Montreal.

"Pop" Penrose's home is still standing—he hopes—in Southampton despite heavy raids on the port since 1914. He has children, his grandchildren and great grandchildren also make Southampton their home. Two of his sons went to sea for years but have since "swallowed the anchor" and are now working ashore. His five grandsons, however, are carrying on Penrose tradition of seafaring, the family calling which goes back to the time the first ships sailed out of Britain, according to the veteran mariner.

"I was born, bred and buttered on the sea and I want to die and be buried there. I've got 25 or 30 years left in me yet. If I hadn't have gone to sea I would have been dead years ago, matey."

(By Eric Dennis)

Charles Penrose of Southampton is 71 years old by his birth certificate and a great granddaddy, but to officials who ask his age in the merchant marine he's but 59.

The reason he gives: "If they find out how old I really am they might not let me go to sea and if I have my way about it I'm going to die on the briny deep."

In The Salvation Army hostel which he picked to stay at while in port because "it's so friendly," he's known as "Pop." Call him "Grand-pop" and you'll find him swinging at you with a wild entanglement of rights and lefts.

"I'm just as young as some of these kids in their teens when it comes to doing my job. Don't call me an old man," he warns.

For 51 years Charles has been on the sea and has gone through three wars. In the more than half a century he has had only three close escapes. One was a torpedoing in the last war. His ship, a British tramp, went down in the Mediterranean and he spent a day drift before being rescued by a French warship. He has spent that day had to put to a lifeboat when his ship collided with another vessel in the English Channel. The third was the shipwreck of the Turret Bell off Cable Head, Prince Edward Island.

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Wasteful Habits

Saving Now Practiced Should Be

Continued After The War When the country's very existence is at stake, waste must have much more serious results than in peacetime. It has become a more comprehensive term and is defined by the Citizens' Research Institute as nothing under the sun, temporarily "the available use of labor and materials for purposes other than war."

But it is to be hoped that, when the day of peace comes, the forces of evil come, there will be no return to the recklessness which we are being forced to abandon, temporarily at least. The "intelligent saving" now practised by all who realize that with it our whole future as a free nation is bound up, is something that a country cannot ever fail to cultivate except at its peril.—Edmonton Journal.

BLESSING IN DISGUISE

The ban on many materials more than 400 metal articles, ranging all the way from fingerboards to grandstands, will cause many dislocations. But it also may contribute to the simple life which philosophers long have endorsed. Civilization may be momentarily saved from a paralyzing plethora of gadgets.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Savings groups in English and Welsh schools raised £15,000,000 (\$67,500,000) since the war began.

Tea rationing began in New Zealand with a weekly allowance of two ounces per person, plus additional supplies for hotels and restaurants.

Growing threat of an Allied invasion of the continent brought a Nazi decree banning the public from coastal regions in Holland.

Maj.-Gen. F. N. Mason MacFarlane, head of the British military mission to Moscow, has been named governor and commander-in-chief of Gibraltar.

Chartered banks of Canada reported net profits of \$16,022,769 for their fiscal years ending in 1941, said an answer tabled in the House of Commons.

Buildings constructed in Ottawa to meet wartime government needs have cost a total of \$4,001,000, said a return tabled in the House of Commons.

The HBC said it had confirmed in Ankara that Germany has put 100,000 marks at the disposal of the Turkish government for the purchase of war material in Germany.

Navy Minister Macdonald announced that he had asked the Navy League to increase the number of sea cadets in training in Canada from 3,200 to more than 8,000.

Brussels advises said 300,000 Belgian workers had been sent to the two years since King Leopold capitulated to the Nazis.

Canada's New Stamps

Series Is To Include Sixteen Cent Special Air Delivery

Canada's new issue for postage stamps, now in preparation for release on July 1, will consist of 14 values, and will entirely replace the present series of postage stamps. One new stamp is being added, a 16 cents value to cover air mail and special delivery charges. It will be violet-blue in color and will depict a Trans-Canada airliner.

All of the stamps in the forthcoming issue will be of a patriotic nature, several depicting Canada's war effort. The one cent green will carry a portrait of King George VI, in uniform; the two cent brown, three cent red and five cent blue will also have new portraits of King George VI; the four cent value will be grey in color, instead of yellow, and will have a picture of Canadian grain elevators as its central design; the eight cent value will be sepia, and will have a typical Canadian farm scene as its central motif. The 10 cent value will be brown, showing the Dominion parliament buildings; the 13 cent value will be dark green and will feature a "Ram" tank; the 16 cent value will be brown and will feature a Canadian corvette; the 50 cent value will be violet-blue and will feature a Canadian munitions plant; the one dollar value will be blue and will have a Canadian destroyer as its central design. The next six cent stamp will be blue and will depict a phase of the British Commonwealth Air Training Program.

The new ten cent special delivery stamp will be green and will depict the Canadian coat-of-arms with flags. None of the new stamps will be bi-colored.

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THIS CURIOUS WORLD

By William Ferguson



NO ONE KNOWS
EXACTLY WHY
CEMENT
SETS!



ANSWER: Lattice, and not cracks, probably would be the favorite food request of a parrot if he had his say, according to Dr. Dittmar of the N. Y. Zoological Park.

Air Training Plan Graduates



These four Manitoba airmen recently received their Pilot's "Wings" in a presentation made at No. 7 Service Flying Training School, McLeod, Alberta. Shown in the group are: L. D. Burns; Winnipeg; E. Rosenbaum; Winnipeg; G. H. Finch; Birton; I. B. Benson, La Riviere.

SOLD KING'S SLED
A four seater sled which belonged to King Edward VII, brought the equivalent of \$50 at a sale of properties of the late Lord Daresbury.

One of the greatest annoyances of scientists are spiders, which mysteriously invade the delicate instruments, and record carburetors of enormous proportions.

LIFE'S LIKE THAT

By Fred Neher



"The Judge sent me here for the rest of my life. . . . He you call this a rest?"

REG'LAR FELLERS—Antique Needlework



Receives Decoration

Paratroop Leader Awarded Bar To Distinguished Service Cross

Wing Cmdr. Percy Pickard, tall blond pipe-smoking pilot who led the paratroop raid on Brunelval in February, was awarded the Bar to the Distinguished Service Cross.

The citation said that "by his courage, self-sacrifice and devotion to duty he set an example which, although imitated by few, is admired by all."

At the time of the Brunelval raid Pickard commanded a Whitley squadron which included a number of Canadians, whom he called "very good airmen."

The paratroops led by Pickard destroyed a German radio aircraft location unit at Brunelval, 12 miles north of Havre. The paratroops fought their way to the beaches and returned across the Channel on light craft escorted by warships and planes. Heavy casualties were inflicted on the Germans and some prisoners taken. British casualties were light.

Taking Large Part

Women Are Doing Splendid Work On Railways in Britain

Moving "aggritator" than the men they supplemented or had released for service with the fighter forces, women railway porters. In their dark blue trousers, tight jackets and peaked caps, made a distinct impression on a visitor who visited a vast goods yard (freight-yard) to see "how Britain's railways are meeting the transport needs of war."

The railways have adapted themselves to deal with the traffic of an army larger than Britain has ever known. They are carrying most of the increased quantities of iron ore, pig iron, coal and limestone necessary for Britain's steel production. They are engaged in the enormous task involved in the sending of munitions abroad.

And in this great effort of the railways women are taking a large part.

As little cooking as possible was advocated as the secret of good vegetable cooking. A little water was possible. And the cooking water should be kept and used as a vegetable juice drink or soup and sauces. The reason for this is that some of the valuable vitamins and minerals dissolve out into the water during cooking.

The time-honored custom of preparing vegetables ahead for cooking and leaving them soaking in cold water was denounced by the lecturers as a way of getting rid of vitamins. If prepared ahead vegetables should be put in a covered dish—without water—in the ice box until it was time to cook them. Canned and frozen vegetables had as high a vitamin content as fresh ones. It was stated, "The vitamins came straight from the garden to the stove."

Fruit of some sort, fresh, canned, or dried, should form part of each day's diet and children should be given a glass of fruit juice. Everyone should have two ounces of bran in a quarter of a nutmeg cup or four ounces of tomato juice a day.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON
JUNE 14
SUNDAY, THE RISEN CHRIST
AND HIS DISCIPLES

Golden text: Ye are witnesses of these things. Luke 24:48.
Lesson: Luke 24:1-48.

Explanations and Comments
The Empty Tomb Seen by Three Women and by Peter, Luke 24:1-12.
The Interview Reported to the Disciples, Luke 24:13-35. Hasteing back to Jerusalem and rushing into the upper room where the eleven disciples were gathered, Peter and the other two who had appeared to Peter, the two excited men told of their amazing conversation with the risen Christ. They had met Him on their road to Emmaus as a stranger, he had walked along the way with them as a teacher, but not until they were seated at the table as friends had they suddenly been convinced as to his identity. He had taken the place of host, and it was while he was breaking the bread to give it to them that they recognized him and then he had suddenly disappeared.

The Sudden Appearance of Christ Himself, Luke 24:36-43. "Peace be unto you," thus Christ greeted them as he suddenly appeared in their midst. Notwithstanding that they had just heard, they were terrified, for they supposed they beheld a spirit. "Why are ye troubled?" he asked, and "wherefore do questions arise in your heart?" Then to reassure them to convince them that he was not a disembodied spirit, he bade them see and touch his hands and his feet. "A spirit hath not flesh and bones, as ye behold me having," he told them. And while they still disbelieved for joy—a curious yet real state of mind—he asked for something to eat, and when they gave him a piece of broiled fish, he ate before them.

Parting Words, Luke 24:44-49. Luke's narrative reads as if all these far-reaching words of Jesus were spoken at that evening meeting with the 11, but in Acts 13 Luke tells us that Christ appeared himself alive after his passion by the space of 40 days, and speaking of the things concerning the kingdom of God. Read Mt. 28:16-20; Mk. 16:1-8; Lk. 24:24 to 21:23.

A CONVERTIBLE GUN
The Australian radio said that a rifle convertible into a machine gun had been tested successfully in Australia and that Army Minister Francis Forde had announced several thousand would be made as soon as possible. CBS heard the broadcast.

Why is it that the drivers who never are going anywhere always want to get there quickest?

MICKIE SAYS
"THEY'S TWO FOLKS WHO WANT BE APPRECIATED UNTIL THEY'RE GONE—BUT THEY'LL BE FRONT SEATS IN HEAVEN FOR MOTHERS AND THE NEWSPAPER MAN."

WE DO NEED PRINTING TOO

BY GENE BYRNES

REG'LAR FELLERS—Antique Needlework



Nothing To Give

Hitler Cannot Promise Anything For Use Of Bulgaria's Army

W. K. Reley, in the Detroit News, says reports of a pending revolution in Bulgaria are probably premature. King Boris still has cards to play in the game with Hitler. Certainly Hitler would like to use the Bulgarian army; but what can he promise Bulgaria in return? If he offers her an outlet to the Aegean, through Greece, he offends the Turks mightily, and it is to his present interest to keep Turkey neutral at least, and gain her friendship if possible. If he offers her Rumanian land, he makes the Rumanians, already fighting mad at Hungary, angrier still. He can't bring much economic pressure to Bulgaria, as she is a self-supporting agricultural country. So what there to use as bait for Boris? If the King sits tight, he ally pretty. The prospect of trouble seems to due to rumors that Boris is not sitting tight; but it will prove remarkable if he sells himself for nothing.

"Conservation" Style

BACK SKIRT
FRONT BOODIE AND SKIRT

By ANNE ADAMS

Anne Adams shows you how to help conserve fabric, with Pattern 4053. Its simple design and skillful pattern layout require the minimum of fabric. SIZE 16: 10 1/2 YARDS. TAKE ONLY 2 1/2 YARDS 35 INCH FABRIC! A contrast bolero can be made from one yard more.

Pattern 4053 is available in misses' sizes 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20.

Send Twenty cents (20c) in coins (change cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Blue Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man. 2467

Expansion of Canada's air cadet organization to a force of 50,000 teen-aged youths in the next year was forecast by Group Capt. D. C. Hume, national director of the Air Cadet League of Canada on the league's first anniversary.

Group Capt. Hume said his prediction was based on air cadet progress during the league's first year when more than 15,000 boys enrolled in 135 squadrons.

Cadet squadrons are divided by provinces as follows: Ontario, 33; Quebec, 32; Saskatchewan, 21; Alberta, 21; British Columbia, 14; Nova Scotia, 7; Manitoba, 4; Prince Edward Island, 2, and New Brunswick, 1.

WOULD BE COSTLY
No individual has ever had a complete collection of the world's stamps. It has been estimated that between two and three million dollars would be needed to acquire such a collection.

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Says Canada Is Following Policy Pay As You Go

Signatory Club, Que. (CP)—Neither domestic financial considerations nor foreign exchange problems have been allowed to obstruct the scope and character of Canada's war effort, Graham Towers, governor of the Bank of Canada, told the annual meeting of the United States Bankers Association for Foreign Trade.

Speaking to the bankers at their first meeting in Canada, Mr. Towers said Canada had decided upon a policy of "pay as you go" in conducting the war with consequent high taxes and internal borrowings, and introduction of foreign exchange control regulations. He explained the workings of the exchange regulations.

"I am not going to go into details but will only say that exchange control has worked. It has not been used to saddle any of our burdens on the other fellow. All our foreign commitments have been met. We are not accumulating any debts to embarrass us in the future. We are paying our way."

Referring to Canada's financial relationships with the United States, Mr. Towers said that he had been necessary to make sure that no lack of Canadian dollars kept the United Kingdom from buying all the things they needed to obtain in Canada. This was done by partial payments in gold and the balance in dollars, then by the Canadian government and the Canadian National Railways repaying bonded debt held in the United Kingdom, and then by an interest-free loan of \$700,000,000 to the United Kingdom.

March payments authorized a gift of \$1,000,000,000 to the United Kingdom. While the gift is phrased in dollars, you can understand that the real meaning of the transaction is that Canada is making a contribution of guns, tanks, aircraft, other munitions of war, foodstuffs and supplies to the full extent that these are needed by other parts of the empire."

GIGANTIC PLAN

U.S. Bill Asks For \$83,000,000 For Navy Construction

Washington.—An \$83,000,000 measure authorizing construction of approximately 500 fighting ships in a gigantic program which would come close to doubling the size of the U.S. fleet—was drafted by Chairman Vinson of the house of representative naval committee.

Vinson said that he would introduce the bill calling for the largest naval construction program ever authorized at one time, and that "the ocean navy probably would be finished in the next 24 months."

The bill would call for 500,000 tons of aircraft carrier, 500,000 tons of cruisers of both the light and heavy type, 800,000 tons of destroyers and destroyer-escort vessels, and 800 small vessels for patrol work, mine laying and tending duty.

The new ships would be in addition to those already authorized for construction. In its last official disclosure of strength in October of last year, the navy reported 348 fighting ships in service and 347 building.

The house appropriations committee bill for the year's supplemental navy, marine corps and coast guard supply bill calling for \$654,999,740 in direct appropriations and \$1,037,500,000 in contract authorization, of which \$837,000,000 was earmarked for submarine construction.

SALVAGE METAL

Ilegal To Destroy Or Throw Away Any Collapsible Tubes

Ottawa.—The war-time and trade board announced that used collapsible metal tubes must be delivered to a drug, cigar, general or departmental store, and that "no person may lawfully keep in possession any used collapsible metal tube longer than reasonably necessary for delivery."

The board said it is a breach of the new regulations to "destroy or throw away" any "empty collapsible metal tube which contained any substance or matter."

Stressing the importance of careful salvage, the board's announcement estimated that about 250 used tubes would supply the necessary tin solder for a Balingbrook battery.

Winnipeg.—A saving of more than 60 per cent. in consumption of gasoline and rubber will be effected by a switch to more milk and rubber solution in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, W. H. Muirhead, chairman of the advisory board to the Manitoba Dairy Association, said.

SUGAR RATIONING

Bakers Must Keep Within The Industrial Use Of Sugar

Ottawa.—War-time prices and trade board officials said that under revised rationing regulations, confectioners using the industrial use of sugar to 70 per cent. of the quantity used in 1941, bakers are permitted to use only the sugar in their products which remain within the quota allowed them.

Before the tightened sugar rationing was announced recently by Donald Gordon, chairman of the prices board, bakers were able to use 50 per cent. of the sugar they consumed in 1940, and, after Easter Monday of this year, were not permitted to use sugar for icing.

Under consolidated regulations for the industry the provision forbidding bakers to make use of sugar for icing has been removed, officials said. But, if icing is to be used, it must be taken from the sugar available under the 70 per cent. quota.

Canadian Corps Goes Through Marching Test

Somewhere in England.—In its largest, hardest and longest battle since the outbreak of the war, the Canadian Corps has gone through a grueling 12-day endurance test which saw infantry march between 250 and 300 miles as the corps moved from the Canadian front line to the front of the British Corps over southeast England.

The infantry moved about without the usual transport and carried out almost incredible forced marches by day and night during this latest phase of the Canadian attack training for operations on the continent. In many respects it was a workout in the type of fighting they would have to establish a bridgehead in Europe before vehicles landed in numbers.

One regiment marched 56 miles in 50 hours and engaged British forces during this time in lengthy sham battles. Infantry of a whole division huffed 40 miles in 18 hours in a marathon push for 10 days of steady marching of 20 to 25 miles a day.

Both Lt.-Gen. H. D. G. Crear, Canadian corps commander, and Lt.-Gen. B. L. Montgomery, commander of Britain's southeast army, who controlled the exercise, told war correspondents they were highly pleased with the Canadians' performance.

In a message to all commanders and commanding officers in his corps, Gen. Crear said:

"Sincere congratulations are due to all ranks in the Canadian corps on the manner in which the troops, commanders and staff have stood the very searching test of their abilities to take it and give it in exercise conditions which called for the maximum from everyone."

"Much was demanded of officers and men. All calls were answered and in consequence great results have been achieved. Having confirmed the results of the exercise, I am now, as I should, in a position to do what is required, we can face the future with great confidence."

Gen. Montgomery, who commanded the third division of the British expeditionary force, and who insists more than any other general in Britain on the troops being in top physical shape, said the Canadians were "really first class" and that their soldiers are "of the highest class."

"They are at their best when the battle becomes mobile and fluid, for then their natural qualities of leadership and energy show themselves," he said.

Night after night, after long marches, small parties of Canadians stole through the British lines to savor food on staff conferences, to steal maps marked with British dispositions, capture prisoners, including several senior officers, and bring back valuable information.

Gen. Sir Alan Brooke, commander-in-chief of the home forces, Lt.-Gen. A. G. McClellan, the Canadian commander, and Maj.-Gen. B. W. Browne, inspector-general of Canadian establishments outside the corps, watched the exercises as observers.

RADIO BLACKOUT

Victoria.—A radio blackout of stations in the British Columbia coastal defence area, was ordered by the western air command of the Royal Canadian Air Force. W.A.C. said the measure was precautionary only.

ATTACK ON ALASKA

New York.—The British United States naval analyst, Rear Admiral Yates Stirling, Junior, says the Japanese attack on Dutch Harbor may be the preliminary to a Japanese invasion of the Aleutian Islands, and that the Soviet Far East.

PRaise FARM WOMEN

Government Expresses Appreciation For Aid Given In War Work

Ottawa.—The government is saying "thank you" to the farm women of Canada.

In a \$30,000 advertising campaign centered in farm publications the agricultural department is expressing the government's appreciation of the part women have been playing in the war effort.

Women who have left the farms for jobs in industry are generally recognized as doing vital war work but the government feels women who are staying at home on the farm also deserve recognition, an official said.

Women on Canadian farms are not only looking after their families and doing normal work about the farms but in many cases have undertaken additional farm work to help relieve labor shortages.

Reports reaching the agriculture department indicate also that these women are somehow finding time to do knitting and carry on other Red Cross activities on a scale equal to that of urban women.

TIME INDEFINITE

Further Consideration Needed Before Air Agreement Is Signed

Ottawa.—A last-minute postponement of the signing of the new British Commonwealth Air Training Plan agreement has been made.

The agreement was to have been signed June 3 but it is understood some details required further consideration and the air has been postponed indefinitely.

It is understood the broad lines of the agreement were already being laid out but that some of the financial or other phases of the arrangement have not been settled.

Ready For Another Smash At Axis

Washington.—Two U.S. merchant vessels, one medium-sized and the other small, have been torpedoed in the Caribbean area.

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KEPT 'EM FRYING

Synthetic Rubber Not Available Until 1945 Says Nited Chemist

Hamilton.—A noted American chemist predicts that there will be no new rubber for civilian use until 1945 at the earliest.

He is Dr. H. L. Cramer of Philadelphia, who told the annual convention of the Canadian Chemical Association that another two years of war will see the synthetic rubber industry firmly entrenched. He estimates that the United Nations have a rubber stockpile of 800,000 tons, and that the annual production of plantations and rubber trees in Allied territories is around 170,000 tons.

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FOR CIVILIAN USE

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X-RAY MAY DO IT

Research Workers Dream Of Growing Tropical Fruits In Canada

If some day orange and grapefruit groves alternate with the peach and apple orchards of Ontario, it will be the X-ray that has done it. Research workers in this field are on record having recommended to improve flowers, grains, fruit and vegetables, one of the dreams of the research workers in this field is to create frost-resistant citrus trees that will flourish in northern latitudes.

Who dares to say that they will not triumph? Certainly not one of the more than 4,000 persons who one day last January picked the laurel wreath of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York City, just to welcome two new flowers.

Even flower-lovers would not assemble in their thousands to admire two new varieties of the calendula—better known as Scotch marigolds—unless they had an appeal beyond that of looking pretty.

Individually the floral novelties named *Glowing Gold* and *Tomato Fluffy*, are enjoying fame as the X-ray Twins. For it was the X-ray that made the new varieties. In 1933 Dr. Goodspeed, California horticultural scientist, X-rayed seeds of olive varieties, *Sunshine* and *Radiocalendar*, with the same dose. By this lucky dose, the two new and lovely varieties were created.

It is known that X-rays, like the drug cobaltine, effect the mystic and invisible hereditary elements in plants, and while this is the scientific search is still in the experimental stage, some striking results like the *Alto-Burpee calendula*, and the new gladiolus created by the X-ray at Winnipeg, also have been obtained.

Radiation, which is thought to break up the genes and rearrange them in the seed, so that the next generation, so to speak, goes crazy," and use of the drug cobaltine, which was developed from the autumn crucifer, are the two successful methods of creating mutations more or less at will. Examples of such mutations, all discovered by accident, are Golden Bantam corn, McIntosh Red apple and a seedling apple named *Golden May* yet to be an achievement of the artificial method.

Farm Labor

Survey Is Taken To Ascertain How The War Is Affecting It

Tabulations of a recent survey of the farm labour situation in Canada by the Economics and Statistics Department of Agriculture, are now being completed. The survey was designed to provide fuller information on what has taken place with respect to agricultural workers since the war began. According to preliminary figures, the quantity of male family help on Canadian farms in 1942 showed a reduction of about 10 per cent from 1941. The largest percentage decrease was indicated in Alberta, Nova Scotia, Saskatchewan, British Columbia, and Manitoba. Female family help, however, showed a decrease of four per cent in 1942.

The amount of hired help on a yearly basis showed an increase of 24 per cent for 1942 over all provinces, with New Brunswick the only exception to the general trend. This yearly increase in yearly help is apparently due to two factors. First, it has been found necessary to replace family help leaving the farms by permanent hired hands, and, secondly, farmers are seeking to protect themselves against a seasonal shortage by hiring year-round men.

C.P. Airlines

Edmonton Is To Be Headquarters

For The C.P. Airlines officials here said they received word from C. H. (Punch) Dickens, vice-president and general manager of the line, that Edmonton is to become the western headquarters for C.P.A. Announcement by Mr. Dickens said transfer of the offices from Winnipeg to Edmonton is made necessary by the growing importance of northwestern Canada in Pacific coast defense plans, and the great increase in civilian air traffic brought about by the Alaska highway.

Northern air services operated by Canadian Pacific radio from Edmonton and by this time the official state, the company plans to coordinate schedules and personnel and to provide increased air services.

EFFORTS NOT RELAXED

The New York Sun says: The British Air Ministry recently announced that 90 per cent of the airplanes operated from bases in the British Isles are of British manufacture and that 80 per cent of the operations of aircraft used in world-wide operations are of British manufacture. This shows that, however in military lease-lend aid has been, the British have not relaxed their own efforts.

Well-Deserved Tribute

Brilliant Leader Of Tokyo Raid Dies

Had Remarkable Career The medals do not always reach the right address. But the revelation that the Congressional Medal of Honor for leading the attack on Tokyo has landed above the left breast pocket of the onetime "Jimmy" Doolittle can only add, if possible, to the profound public admiration and delight in that brilliant aviator. Nothing could be more appropriate than that this man of the great daring and dramatic exploits of the war, should have been by a man whose career has so genuinely exemplified the best in American aviation.

In the early '30s Major Doolittle's name was known everywhere as that of a brilliant speed flyer. It was not so generally known that behind the courage and apparent recklessness there was a natural aptitude which led colleagues to rate him as the greatest American master of the art of flying; or that behind this turn of mind was a serious interest in the theory and technology of flight which led the first doctorate in aeronautical engineering granted by the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The racing and aerobatics were done not as showy stunts but as a means of perfecting himself in the art of flying, and he began to doubt their value as he abandoned them and retired into less spectacular ways of promoting aviation's progress.

No one paid much attention when he joined the Army in 1940. As late as January 1942, when he was promoted to lieutenant colonel, his promotion to lieutenant colonel reported him "engaged in research where there is a serious connection with production." And when in April he was nominated brigadier-general, no one knew that he was the man who had headed the flight before the rooftops of Tokyo. Well, everybody, including the Japanese, knows it now. He was the chief reason for the success of the raid.

His skill, technical knowledge and modest absorption in the art were combining to produce something solid and genuine, which has not only resulted in a great service to the country but which deserves the adjective "heroic." How the great war was won, we still do not know. The hints suggest that it was by some original device—perhaps a specially prepared carrier—but as long as the secret is kept, one may still hope for repetition. The indications, on the other hand, of how desperate an undertaking it was thought to be hardly promise that it can be repeated often. But in the meantime, the man who led the raid, Doolittle's account, that the raid was successful beyond anything that he dared to hope. Courage was again in his own reward; and in its conception, in its command and its execution this stands as one wholly satisfactory episode in our growing war effort.

New York Herald Tribune.

A Dreadful Voyage

Bad Luck Followed Crew Of Dredge Which Carried Munitions

A 700-ton dredge was pressed in to scowls to haul munitions from Australia to the Netherlands East Indies. She had a Danish captain, Norwegian main and crew in included a Dutch Australian. Packed aboard her were tons of aerial bombs and torpedoes for the Allied Air Force. On the way they ran out of food and water and after four days landed on an island and traded their clothes for native meat and rice. The dredge was headed for Ambon, but the navy told her the Japanese had landed there. She made for Koepang, but hit a reef. There was no meat, bread, or biscuits, and they lived on cannibal beans. Seas bumped her on the reef and every minute it was feared that the cargo would go sky high. For 47 hours without a break, the crew worked and edged the ship off the rocks with anchors.

Japanese aircraft gave her a wide berth, presumably thinking she was some new type of mystery ship with her funnel on the bow and the machinery aft. Then they made for Sourabaya and entered the Ball Strait during a submarine and aircraft attack on U.S. and N.E.I. shipping. Tugs dragged her into Sourabaya Harbor, where the exhausted crew had a day's rest. The next day they left just before the Japanese blitzed the harbor—Brandon Sun.

UPSETS PRODUCTION

Pep talks and spirit production periods in British war industry are being abolished, the labor ministry declared. The information ministry having agreed they upset rather than aid industry production.

The peanut is not a nut at all but a member of the prosope pea family. Peanuts contain as high a percentage of protein as a fresh egg or a porterhouse steak. 2497

Live Bullets Kick Dust In Faces Of Commandoes



British commando troops, in training at a base in southern England, are shown advancing in the face of machine-gun fire—real machine-gun fire and live ammunition, as you can see by the furrows being plowed by bullets a few feet in front of the helmeted heads. Recently King George saw such training as, with bullets whistling about the royal party and shells exploding all around.

Girls In Uniform

Are Said To Be Healthier Than Average Office Worker

Most men naturally have a worry about her baby daughter in the Royal Canadian Air Force (Women's Division) because her sergeant-backed by a whole corps of officers—she being a mother to little A.W. Stale Jones.

A medical census of the women in air force uniform showed that all the little Stales and Sallies are healthier, in most cases, than ever before, that they're getting better medical and dental care, eating better food and getting more regular rest than they did when they were white-collar girls.

Military Officer J. F. Davey, senior flight officer for the women's division, said she believes that the girls in uniform are healthier than the average girl.

"But we have had to reject 16 per cent of the volunteers," said Davey. Eye defects were the chief reason for rejection, with heart and blood abnormalities, foot trouble and nervous upsets next in order.

All women have their chests X-rayed when they enter the service and they're watched for scule colds. Besides making sure the girls are in good physical condition when they enter the service, they are well protected against disease by the R.C.A.F. immunization program.

There's a medical centre on every air station and the girls have their own sick quarters with nursing sisters in charge. If it's necessary for her to go to a hospital, she is cared for in one of the hospitals under the Department of Penalties and National Health.

TO PROMOTE CULTURE

Turks live in London have established a Hall of "People's House" to promote culture and social progress, and are inviting British to attend. These cultural houses were founded in Turkey by Kemal Ataturk, and are having a great influence for good among the young. They combine literary, information, library and debating society, educational class, and social club.

BRINGING NEW WEALTH

Rabbits are bringing new wealth to Saskatchewan, according to a report of the Natural Resources Department which shows that 1,500,000 bush rabbits were shipped from this province in the fall and winter.

Owls had it possible to sleep in the daytime, because they have our days that can be pulled down to shut out noise.

Eruption On Mauna Loa Nullifies Hawaii's Blackout

Searching For Metals

Geological Parties Will Engage In Survey Work This Year

Most men naturally have a worry about her baby daughter in the Royal Canadian production is far short of war requirements, will receive most of the attention this year in the field work to be undertaken by the Mines and Geology Branch, Department of Mines and Resources.

Seventeen of the 28 geological parties assigned to field work will be engaged in an examination of and a search for deposits of the ores of aluminum, chromium, manganese, iron, fluorapatite, mica, graphite and other strategic minerals, supplies of which from outside sources are becoming increasingly difficult to obtain. Most of the other parties will map structures, chiefly in Alberta, in a search for oil.

One party will operate in Yukon, two in the Northwest Territories, one in British Columbia, four in Alberta, one in Manitoba, eight in Ontario and Quebec, one in New Brunswick and two in Nova Scotia. The Topographical Survey will have six parties in British Columbia, two in Alberta, and one in Nova Scotia. Canadian Resources Bulletin.

Chicago Stock Show

To Be Cancelled This Year On Account Of The War

As a result of every available unit of transportation being required for urgent war needs the International Live Stock Exposition and International Grain and Hay Show held yearly at Chicago has been cancelled for 1942. For 42 years the Live Stock Exposition, combined with the Grain and Hay Show for the past 23 years, has been the greatest agricultural exposition on the North American continent. Apart altogether from the resolve of the people to prosecute the war to its utmost limit, the problem of the transportation of the huge number of exhibits, exhibitors and visitors in a year of war would have been impossible. Last year, in live stock alone, approximately 14,000 animals were moved from 37 States and from some of the provinces of Canada to the Exposition and Show, which attracted a record attendance of 400,000 persons.

DO NOT COME BACK

A. G. Hunsman of Canada's Fisheries Research Board states in Science that careful investigation has failed to reveal a single clear case of return of salmon from a distant place of return of salmon from a distant place in the sea to the home stream. So he is all for marking salmon before they leave their rivers and, when they are found at sea, tagging them to trace their return.

From One School

Seven Stoneyhurst College Men Have Won The Victoria Cross

Stoneyhurst, the great Catholic college in Lancashire, is now able to number seven of its sons among the country's bravest men—the holders of the Victoria Cross, the country's highest award for gallantry.

The posthumous award of this decoration to Captain James Jackson, of the Royal Northumberland Fusiliers, is the second V.C. to be won by an old boy of Stoneyhurst in this war, making a total of seven in the last 60 years.

Both in the last war and in this the first Victoria Cross was won by a Stoneyhurst boy. The school was established by the Jesuit Order in France in 1562, and came to the present home at Stoneyhurst in 1794.

The official account of the exploit which won 25-year-old Captain Jackson the V.C. is worded unusually warmly. It describes a tank action, south of Toulon, last November, when "his outstanding gallantry and devotion to duty were above all praise."

During an exceptionally heavy engagement between British tanks and a large number of enemy anti-tank guns, Captain Jackson, in command of a company of machine-gun trucks, led his trucks right across the front, in between the tanks and the opposing guns. While doing so he stood up on the leading truck, encouraging his men with gestures, and indicating targets to them.

His magnificent bearing, inspiring both his own men and the tank crew, was directly responsible for the success of a most difficult action.

Demand For Potatoes

Want Increased Production For Sale In United States

Joint Canadian-United States action to increase Canadian potato production for sale in the United States and to step up the Canadian output of hog products was announced by the agriculture department.

The United States has undertaken to purchase up to 5,000,000 bushels of Canadian potatoes for conversion into alcohol.

The program for increasing output of hog products is in support of a policy already adopted by the Canadian government to increase the average weight of bacon hogs. Canada and the United States have agreed to encourage an increase in the number of hogs marketed by maintaining forward price assurances to producers at least as favorable as at present.

KNEW HIS JOB WELL

Creator Of Reptiles In Bronx Zoo

Was Interesting Talker The curator of reptiles in the Bronx Zoo, Dr. Raymond L. Ditmars, who died recently, may not have been a snake charmer but he knew how to handle a snake. He had a special knowledge of all kinds of snakes.

In the spring of 1938, Dr. Ditmars demonstrated for reporters how poisonous snakes could be handled safely, and pointed out to his happy listeners that he had never been bitten by one. "I think," he said, "that I can safely say that I've held more poisonous snakes in my hands than any one in the world—and I've told you something else. I've never been bitten."

He became interested in snakes while a young man, and when he joined the Zoo staff in 1899 he had already accumulated an assortment of them.

It is said of Dr. Ditmars that he popularized the snake so that the public could face one without flinching. He denied that a rattlesnake's poison was "necessarily killing," although he admitted that he often regretted satisfaction in brushing off the incredulous tales with which an inarticulate person showered him. He was a great collector of snakes, and alleged existence for 31 years of a horned toad said to be a courteous snake, and a Texas rattlesnake.

In "Wild Animal World" of which he was co-author with William Brewster, curator of publications at the Zoo and former newspaper man, many other popular beliefs associated with mammals and reptiles were explained. Such as the fact that a rattlesnake is poisonous, that a bat in one's hair may not be cut out and that a horse-eating rat in water, will turn into a snake.

He made many trips to South America in search of strange animals. He was a great collector of snakes, and many queer members of the animal kingdom: the parrot anteater, little felts, and a snake with a mouth bearing delicate rose petals above them as petals; the vampire bat which he received from a friend in South America. He even saved bloodhounds that had been shot by a growler, and the spear nose bats. But his most thrilling trip was that to the Amazon, where he collected a snake, the most dangerous reptile of the South American jungle, which he carried back to New York.

He brought it back to New York, but unfortunately it survived only a short time. He had at least one more exciting trip with a reptile, and that was when he shared a Pullman berth with a 14-foot cobra, which he was taking to Washington from New York.

Dr. Ditmars' outstanding success in his activities in the animal kingdom was the result of an early and abiding interest in his work. Because of this interest he learned all there was to learn, and out of his vast knowledge he was able to interest those with whom he came in contact. His knowledge is the foundation stone in all lines of human endeavor.

—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

A Mistaken Notion

Change Of Leaders Does Not Mean Defeat In The Battle Of Britain

The Toronto Telegram says: Much of the disappointment expressed today is due to what was a completely mistaken notion of the time Churchill succeeded Chamberlain. Then it was believed that with a new leader Britain would go straight on to victory.

The fall of France, and Britain's danger, dispelled that comfortable notion for a time, but when the peril passed the confident hope returned and at every turn it was expected Britain would land an army on the continent and chase the Nazis back to Berlin. In the disappointment of that hope the British people and many of their representatives in Parliament forgot to look at what had been achieved in the two years since the collapse of France. It is because they have never really been aware of the true situation that the critics are now complaining.

Causes Headaches

Loss Of Teeth Is Given As Reason For Migraine

How's cheering news for people with long faces.

Dr. Edward A. Fisher, New York, believes you are less likely to suffer from migraine headache than people whose face length has been shortened by loss or excessive wear of teeth. Writing in the May issue of the Journal of the American Dental Association, Fisher explained that loss of teeth or excessive wear causes a backward movement of the lower jaw, producing pressure against the structure of the ear and setting up a painful nervous disturbance. He cited several cases in which injury or loss of teeth had produced the normal relationship of the jaws had "relieved" migraine headaches. But he warned dentists against "making their patients' faces too long."

Used Cars

1937 FORD LIGHT DELIVERY
Reconditioned and good tires.
1935 FORD COUPE, good rubber all round
1929 CHEVROLET SEDAN
1929 CHEVROLET COACH
MODEL "A" FORD LIGHT DELIVERY

Drop in and look these over and
Inquire For Prices

CARBON MOTORS

FORD SALES & SERVICE
Benny Schielke, Prop. Carbon, Alta.

YES--WE HAVE IT

FULL LINE OF

MEN'S SHOES, OVERALLS, PANTS, SOCKS,
UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, TIES, ETC.

Also A Complete Line Of

LADIES DRESSES, HATS, UNDERWEAR,
BLOUSES, SHOES, ETC.

Look Over Our Stock Before Buying Elsewhere

THE CARBON TRADING COMPANY

I. Guttman, Prop. :: Carbon, Alberta

Mrs. Hardy: "Things have changed a wide road, with a traffic signal,"
an awful lot in this locality, haven't? Mr. Hardy (with a sigh): "Ay, an' they? That corner where we used to if only that red light had been there
meat when we were getting it now?"



*"No, I say, we can't
afford a bigger house-
not while our boys
need bigger tanks!"*

"MY HUSBAND and the children say that
now there's so much money coming
in, I should have all the things I've
always wanted."

"But I say no thank you! My Freddie
gave up his job willingly and lives in a
tent. The least each of us at home can
do is to go without this and that and
buy War Savings Stamps every week so
the boys over there will have everything
they need for victory."

Buy War Savings Stamps from banks,
post offices, telephone offices, department
stores, druggists, grocers, tobacconists,
book stores and other retail stores.

National War Finance Committee

*Saving
is
Sewing*

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Editor and Publisher



THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND IN CANADA

Parish of Christ Church, Carbon

The Rev. T. H. Chapman, R.D.
INCUMBENT
Organist, Miss Nora Atkinson
Assistant: Mr. H.M. Isaac
S. S. Supt.: Mrs. E. Talbot

June 21st—Trinity III

12:15 p.m. Sunday School
7:30 p.m. Evensong & Sermon

LOOKING FORWARD

Regular mid-week services Wednes-
day at 8 p.m. and Thursday at 8:30
a.m.

Daughter: "Mother, do you want me
to put the parrot on the back porch?"
Mother: "Positively no. Your father
is repairing the car in the back yard."

Aberdeen Lassie: "Mither says there
was a fly in the cake she bought here."
Greener: "Tell her to return the fly
and I'll gie her a currant for it."

Customer: "The sausage you sent me
were meat at one end and bread-
crumbs at the other."
Butcher Smith: "Quite so, madam.
But in these war times it is very dif-
ficult to make both ends meet."

Little Julius, the office boy, thinks a
reformer is just one of those people
who are always trying to make the
world a better place to live.

Night Taxi Driver (shifting into
high): "My gosh, what a clutch!"
Voice from rear seat: "Say, you
keep your eyes on the road. This is
none of your business."

"What's the matter, Oscar? You
look terrible."
"My wife's on a diet."

"The cat swallowed a tin of carbide."
"What happened?"
"She had a set-o'-lean kittens."

Faint heart never won fair lady.
Nor did it ever get away from one.

"Honestly, the husband of mine is
so exasperating! He asked me to meet
him here with the car and I've been
waiting ever since six o'clock—it is
seven now!"
"What time were you supposed to
meet him?"
"At five o'clock."

Motorist: "You know, it is quite easy
to alter the appearance of a car."
His Friend: "I know. A brick wall
helped me yesterday."

Debt Collector: "The account has
been standing quite a long time, sir."
Debtor: "Then try giving it a seat."
Collector: "Very glad to, sir. Do you
mind if I make it a receipt?"

LET US HAUL YOUR GRAIN AND LIVESTOCK

Charges are Reasonable

CARBON TRANSPORT

J. I. MORTIMER, Prop.

Men, Women Over 40 Feel Weak, Worn, Old?

Want Normal Pep, Vim, Vitality?

Does your head, shoulders, feeling, make
you feel like a man, well, fifty? Do you
get tired from walking, climbing stairs,
driving a car, or from the heat of the
summer? Do you feel like a man, well, fifty?
If so, you need a tonic. It's the only
one that's good for you.

"My wife ran away last night with
my best friend."
"Don't say that," he said. "The
goodness gracious! Was he good-
looking?"
"Don't know, I've never met the fel-
low."

"Don't be discouraged," said the
steward to the suffering passenger.
"Seasickness never killed anyone."
"Seasickness never killed anyone,"
said the steward to the suffering passenger.
"Seasickness never killed anyone,"
said the steward to the suffering passenger.

Tires for scrap rubber are still good
even if they've lain outside for a year
or more, but this is not true of inner
tubes.

MACHINE REPAIRS

Machine repairs will
be hard to get before
long and we urge you to
check over all farm ma-
chinery now and put it
in first class condition.

CARBON AUTO SERVICE

Phone: 25 — C.A. Crossman.

SHIP YOUR LIVESTOCK BY TRUCK

Loads Picked Up Tuesdays

D. G. MURRAY

GENERAL DRYING—

COAL HAULING

Soft Water Hauled

CHAS. PATTISON

APPLICATION CARDS FOR COUPON RATIONING OF SUGAR

will be mailed next week
to every Household in Canada

Canadians will be required to register so that
ration cards, good for the 10 week period,
commencing July 1st, may be issued immedi-
ately. At the end of that period a coupon
ration book, good for six months, will be issued.

HOW TO REGISTER

Residents in Urban Areas not served by
Letter Carrier, and Residents in
Rural Areas

Application cards will be distributed to all house-
holders through the post offices on or before Tues-
day, June 23rd. Additional cards will also be de-
livered for every person resident in the household,
who bears a different last name from the head of
the household. If needed, extra cards may be secured
from local post offices.

These application cards should be filled out imme-
diately and dropped in the nearest mail box or post
office. A pamphlet giving complete instructions will
be delivered with each card. As soon as your name
is duly registered on headquarters, ration cards,
good for a ten-week period, will be mailed to you—
one ration card for each person in your home. These
will be for sugar only.

Coupon Rationing for Sugar Becomes Effective July 1st

Beginning July 1st, no one will be permitted to buy
sugar for regular domestic use without a ration
coupon.

Prompt co-operation on the part of the public in
filling out and returning their application cards is
necessary to ensure return of the ration coupon
card in time to purchase sugar on or after the
above date.

Remember—the amount of sugar allowed each indi-
vidual under the new coupon rationing plan will be
exactly the same as allowed at present—1 pound per
person per week.

DO NOT SURRENDER YOUR APPLICATION CARD TO ANY UNAUTHORIZED PERSON

THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

PRINT IN BLOCK LETTERS		LEAVE BLANK
1.	LAST NAME ONLY	
2.	FIRST NAME ONLY	
3.	ADDRESS (STREET OR RURAL ROUTE)	
4.	CITY OR POST OFFICE	PROVINCE AND COUNTY
5.	FIRST NAME OF OTHER PERSON	LAST NAME OF OTHER PERSON
6.	LAST NAME OF OTHER PERSON	LEAVE THIS SPACE
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
11.		
THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD		
DECLARATION— I, the undersigned, solemnly declare that I and the persons named on the above card, being accurately described herein, and that no other application has been made on behalf of anyone mentioned herein.		
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT OR SPONSOR		

The provision for additional sugar for preserving,
etc., will be continued. Special voucher forms for
this purpose are being supplied to all retailers.
No person may have on hand more than two weeks'
supply of sugar, unless resident in a remote district.